## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

Claims 1-530 (Canceled).

531. (Currently amended) A method of treating an angiogenic disease or condition in an animal comprising administering to the animal an effective amount of a metal-binding peptide which does not have a metal ion bound to it the sequence of the peptide being:

$$P_1 - P_2$$

wherein:

P<sub>1</sub> is:

Xaa<sub>1</sub> Xaa<sub>2</sub> His or

Xaa<sub>1</sub> Xaa<sub>2</sub> His Xaa<sub>3</sub>,

the P<sub>1</sub> portion of the peptide being linear;

 $P_2$  is  $(Xaa_4)_n$ ;

Xaa<sub>1</sub> is the N-terminal amino acid of the peptide, the only substituents on the  $\alpha$ -amino group of Xaa<sub>1</sub> are hydrogen has an unsubstituted  $\alpha$ -amino group, and Xaa<sub>1</sub> is glycine, alanine, valine, leucine, isoleucine, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, asparagine, glutamic acid, glutamine, lysine, hydroxylysine, histidine, arginine, ornithine, phenylalanine, tyrosine, tryptophan, cysteine, methionine, or  $\alpha$ -hydroxymethylserine;

Xaa<sub>2</sub> is glycine, alanine,  $\beta$ -alanine, valine, leucine, isoleucine, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, asparagine, glutamic acid, glutamine, lysine, hydroxylysine, histidine, arginine, ornithine, phenylalanine, tyrosine, tryptophan, cysteine, methionine, or  $\alpha$ -hydroxymethylserine;

Xaa<sub>3</sub> is glycine, alanine, valine, lysine, arginine, ornithine, aspartic acid, glutamic acid, asparagine, glutamine or tryptophan;

Xaa₄ is any amino acid; and

n is 0-100;

or a physiologically-acceptable salt thereof.

532. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 531 wherein:

Xaa<sub>1</sub> is glycine, alanine, valine, leucine, isoleucine, serine, threonine, aspartic acid, glutamic acid, lysine, hydroxylysine, histidine, arginine, or  $\alpha$ -hydroxymethylserine, and

Xaa<sub>2</sub> is glycine, alanine, valine, leucine, isoleucine, threonine, serine, asparagine, glutamine, cysteine, methionine, lysine, hydroxylysine, histidine, arginine, or  $\alpha$ -hydroxymethylserine.

- 533. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 531 wherein  $Xaa_1$  is aspartic acid, glutamic acid, arginine, threonine or  $\alpha$ -hydroxymethylserine.
- 534. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 531 wherein  $Xaa_2$  is glycine, alanine, valine, leucine, isoleucine, threonine, serine, asparagine, methionine, histidine or  $\alpha$ -hydroxymethylserine.
  - 535. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 531 wherein Xaa, is lysine.
  - 536. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 531 wherein:

Xaa<sub>1</sub> is aspartic acid, glutamic acid, arginine, lysine, threonine, serine or  $\alpha$ -hydroxymethylserine,

 $Xaa_2$  is glycine, alanine, valine, leucine, isoleucine, threonine, serine, asparagine, methionine, histidine or  $\alpha$ -hydroxymethylserine, and

Xaa<sub>3</sub>, when present, is lysine.

- 537. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 536 wherein  $Xaa_1$  is aspartic acid or glutamic acid and  $Xaa_2$  is glycine, alanine, valine, leucine, isoleucine, threonine, serine or  $\alpha$ -hydroxymethylserine.
- 538. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 537 wherein Xaa<sub>2</sub> is glycine, alanine, valine, leucine or isoleucine.
- 539. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 538 wherein P<sub>1</sub> is Asp Ala His or Asp Ala His Lys.
  - 540. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 539 wherein  $P_1$  is Asp Ala His Lys.

- 541. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 536 wherein  $Xaa_1$  is arginine, lysine, threonine, serine or  $\alpha$ -hydroxymethylserine, and  $Xaa_2$  is glycine, alanine, valine, leucine, isoleucine, threonine, serine or  $\alpha$ -hydroxymethylserine.
- 542. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 541 wherein P<sub>1</sub> is Thr Leu His, HMS HMS His or Arg Thr His.
  - 543. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 531 wherein n is 0-10.
  - 544. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 543 wherein n is 0-5.
  - 545. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 544 wherein n is 0.
- 546. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 531 wherein P<sub>2</sub> comprises a metal-binding sequence.
- 547. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 546 wherein P<sub>2</sub> comprises one of the following sequences:

 $(Xaa_4)_m$   $Xaa_3$  His  $Xaa_2$   $Xaa_5$ ,  $(Xaa_4)_m$  His  $Xaa_2$   $Xaa_5$ ,  $(Xaa_4)_m$   $Xaa_5$   $Xaa_2$  His  $Xaa_3$ , or  $(Xaa_4)_m$   $Xaa_5$   $Xaa_2$  His,

wherein Xaa<sub>5</sub> is an amino acid having a free side-chain -NH<sub>2</sub> and m is 0-5.

- 548. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 547 wherein Xaa<sub>5</sub> is Orn or Lys.
- 549. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 546 wherein P<sub>2</sub> comprises one of the following sequences:

[(Xaa<sub>4</sub>)<sub>m</sub>Xaa<sub>5</sub>Xaa<sub>2</sub>HisXaa<sub>3</sub>]<sub>r</sub>,

[(Xaa<sub>4</sub>)<sub>m</sub>Xaa<sub>5</sub>Xaa<sub>2</sub>His]<sub>r</sub>,

[(Xaa<sub>4</sub>)<sub>m</sub>Xaa<sub>5</sub>Xaa<sub>2</sub>HisXaa<sub>3</sub>(Xaa<sub>4</sub>)<sub>m</sub>Xaa<sub>5</sub>Xaa<sub>2</sub>His]<sub>r</sub>, or

[(Xaa<sub>4</sub>)<sub>m</sub>Xaa<sub>5</sub>Xaa<sub>2</sub>His(Xaa<sub>4</sub>)<sub>m</sub>Xaa<sub>5</sub>Xaa<sub>2</sub>HisXaa<sub>3</sub>]<sub>r</sub>,

wherein Xaa<sub>5</sub> is an amino acid having a free side-chain -NH<sub>2</sub>, m is 0-5 and r is 2-100.

550. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 546 wherein P<sub>2</sub> comprises a sequence which binds Cu(I).

551. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 550 wherein P<sub>2</sub> comprises one of the following sequences:

Met Xaa<sub>4</sub> Met,

Met Xaa<sub>4</sub> Xaa<sub>4</sub> Met,

Cys Cys,

Cys Xaa<sub>4</sub> Cys,

Cys Xaa4 Xaa4 Cys,

Met Xaa<sub>4</sub> Cys Xaa<sub>4</sub> Xaa<sub>4</sub> Cys,

Gly Met Xaa<sub>4</sub> Cys Xaa<sub>4</sub> Xaa<sub>4</sub> Cys [SEQ ID NO:7],

Gly Met Thr Cys Xaa<sub>4</sub> Xaa<sub>4</sub> Cys [SEQ ID NO:8],

Gly Met Thr Cys Ala Asn Cys [SEQ ID NO:9], or

γ-Glu Cys Gly.

- 552. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 551 wherein P<sub>2</sub> is Gly Met Thr Cys Ala Asn Cys [SEQ ID NO:9].
- 553. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 531 wherein P<sub>2</sub> comprises a sequence which enhances the ability of the peptide to penetrate cell membranes, reach target tissues, or both.
- 554. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 553 wherein P<sub>2</sub> is hydrophobic or an arginine oligomer.
- 555. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 531 wherein at least one of the amino acids of  $P_1$  other than  $\beta$ -alanine, when present, is a D-amino acid.
- 556. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 555 wherein Xaa<sub>1</sub> is a D-amino acid or His is a D-amino acid, or both Xaa<sub>1</sub> and His are D-amino acids.
- 557. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 555 wherein all of the amino acids of  $P_1$  other than  $\beta$ -alanine, when present, are D-amino acids.
- 558. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 555 wherein at least 50% of the amino acids of  $P_2$  are D-amino acids.

559. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 531 wherein at least one amino acid of  $P_1$  or at least one amino acid of  $P_2$ , or at least one amino acid of  $P_1$  and at least one amino acid of  $P_2$  is substituted with (a) a substituent that increases the lipophilicity of the peptide without altering the ability of  $P_1$  to bind metal ions, (b) a substituent that protects the peptide from proteolytic enzymes without altering the ability of  $P_1$  to bind metal ions, or (c) a substituent which is a non-peptide, metal-binding functional group that improves the ability of the peptide to bind metal ions.

560. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 559 wherein the terminal -COOH of  $P_1$ - $P_2$  is substituted to produce -COR<sub>2</sub>, wherein  $R_2$  is -NH<sub>2</sub>, -NHR<sub>1</sub>, -N( $R_1$ )<sub>2</sub>, -OR<sub>1</sub>, or -R<sub>1</sub>, wherein  $R_1$  is an alkyl, aryl or heteroaryl.

561. (Currently amended) The method of Claim 559 wherein n is 0 and  $P_1$  has one of the following formulas:

wherein:

R<sub>1</sub> is an alkyl, aryl, or heteroaryl;

 $R_2$  is -NH<sub>2</sub>, -NHR<sub>1</sub>, -N( $R_1$ )<sub>2</sub>, -OR<sub>1</sub>, or -R<sub>1</sub>; and

R<sub>3</sub> is H, a non-peptide, metal-binding functional group or the two R<sub>3</sub> groups together

form a non-peptide, metal-binding functional group.

- 562. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 561 wherein R<sub>2</sub> is -NH<sub>2</sub>.
- 563. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 531 wherein the method further comprises administering an effective amount of another metal-binding compound in combination with the peptide.
- 564. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 563 wherein the metal-binding compound binds iron.
- 565. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 564 wherein the iron-binding compound is deferoxamine mesylate.
- 566. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 563 wherein the metal-binding compound binds Cu(I).
- 567. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 566 wherein the Cu(I)-binding compound is a peptide.
- 568. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 567 wherein the Cu(I)-binding peptide comprises one of the following sequences:

Met Xaa<sub>4</sub> Met,

Met Xaa4 Xaa4 Met,

Cys Cys

Cys Xaa<sub>4</sub> Cys,

Cys Xaa<sub>4</sub> Xaa<sub>4</sub> Cys,

Met Xaa<sub>4</sub> Cys Xaa<sub>4</sub> Xaa<sub>4</sub> Cys,

Gly Met Xaa<sub>4</sub> Cys Xaa<sub>4</sub> Xaa<sub>4</sub> Cys [SEQ ID NO:7],

Gly Met Thr Cys Xaa<sub>4</sub> Xaa<sub>4</sub> Cys [SEQ ID NO:8],

Gly Met Thr Cys Ala Asn Cys [SEQ ID NO:9], or

γ-Glu Cys Gly,

wherein Xaa4 is any amino acid.

569. (Previously presented) The method of any one of Claims 531-568 wherein the

angiogenic disease or condition is a neoplastic disease, a connective tissue disorder, psoriasis, an ocular angiogenic disease, a cardiovascular disease, a cerebral vascular disease, hemophiliac joints, an immune disorder, a benign tumor, hypertrophy, endometriosis, polyposis, or obesity.

- 570. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 569 wherein the angiogenic disease or condition is a neoplastic disease.
- 571. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 570 wherein the neoplastic disease is a tumor.
- 572. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 571 wherein the tumor is located in the bladder, brain, breast, kidney, liver, pancreas, lung, cervix, ovary, prostate, stomach, intestines, colon, rectum, or uterus.
- 573. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 570 wherein the neoplastic disease is tumor metastasis.
- 574. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 569 wherein the angiogenic disease or condition is psoriasis.
- 575. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 569 wherein the angiogenic disease or condition is an ocular angiogenic disease.
- 576. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 575 wherein the ocular angiogenic disease is macular degeneration.